

State Governments at Risk: Cybersecurity Update



Vermont General Assembly Joint Information Technology Oversight Committee

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@NASCIO



About NASCIO

- National association representing state chief information officers and information technology executives from the states, territories and D.C.
- NASCIO's mission is to foster government excellence through quality business practices, information management, and technology policy.
- NASCIO provides members with products and services designed to support the challenging role of the state CIO, stimulate the exchange of information, and promote the adoption of IT best practices and innovations.



State Governments at Risk!

States are attractive targets – constant attack

More aggressive threats, more intensity

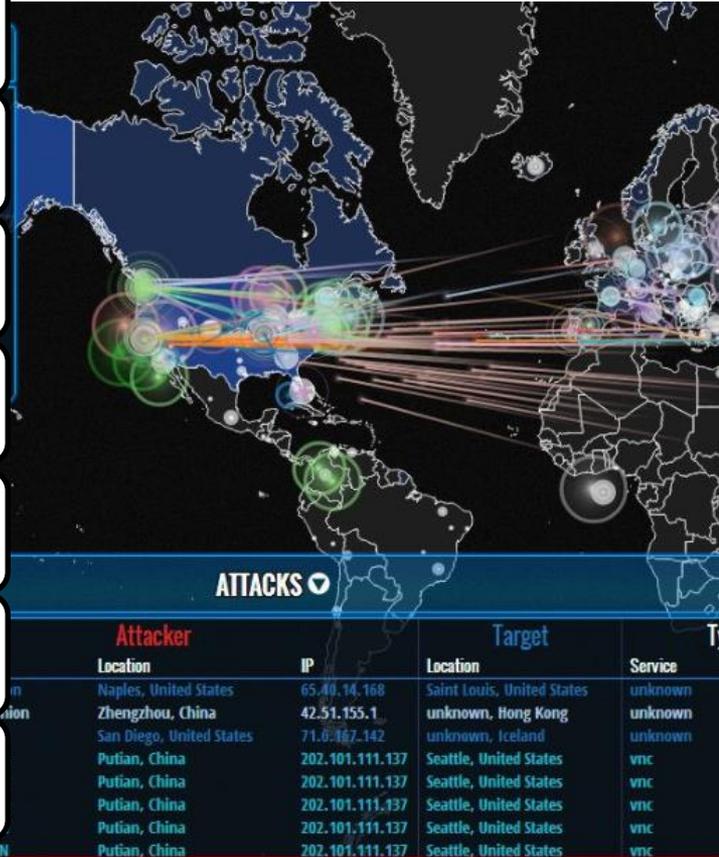
Nation state threats, organized crime

Critical infrastructure protection: disruption

Human factor – employees, contractors

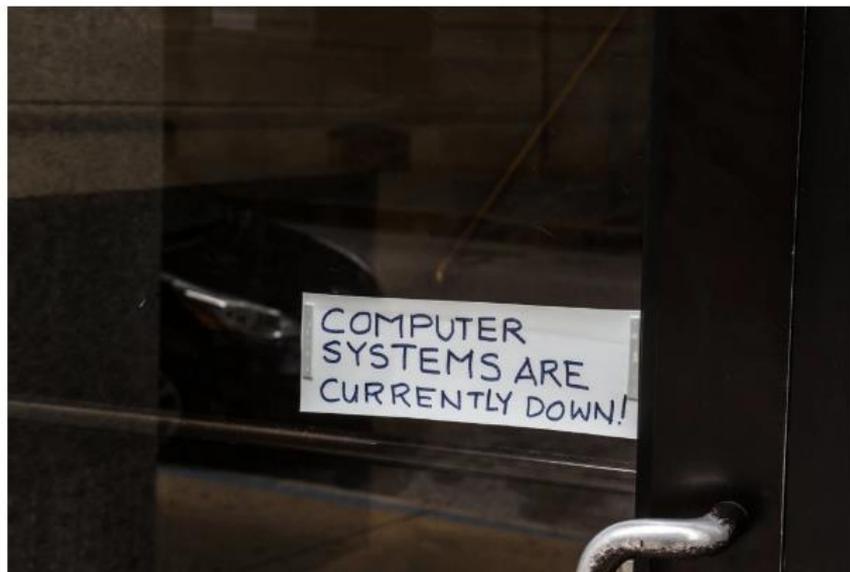
Data and services on the move: cloud and mobile

Elections security!



-24 02:51:48.05 | CHINANET FUJIAN

Ransomware Attacks Are Testing Resolve of Cities Across America



A handwritten sign posted near City Hall in Baltimore after some of the government's computer systems were hacked in May. The city, which did not pay a ransom of about \$76,000, has spent more than \$5.3 million to recover from the attack.

Stephanie Keith/Reuters

By **Manny Fernandez**, **David E. Sanger** and **Marina Trahan Martinez**

Aug. 22, 2019, 5:00 a.m. ET



126

By the Numbers: Government Risk

75%	Hacks perpetrated by external actors in the government sector
94%	Email is the primary point of entry
2.5X	Public breaches are more likely to go undiscovered for years
#1	Government holds the top spot for both incidents and breaches





What's the Current Situation?



- Critical life, health and safety systems must be available
 - Public Safety
 - Crucial Services to Citizens
- States hold billions of confidential records
 - Personally Identifiable Information (PII)
 - Personal Health Information (PHI)
 - Intelligence
 - Other Confidential
- Information integrity must be maintained
- Must be able to withstand and recover



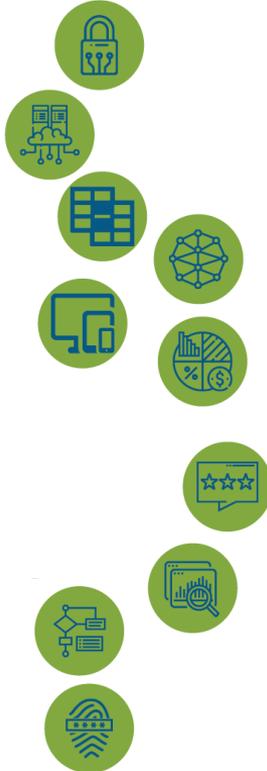
Cybersecurity involves more than *just* IT – it's a business risk.

Protecting data and infrastructure is a core responsibility of state government entities and an investment in risk management.

It's a complex ecosystem that requires governance and regular communication on risk.

STATE CIO TOP 10 PRIORITIES

2019 Strategies, Management & Process Solutions



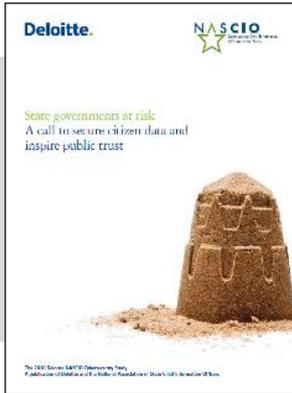
1. Security and Risk Management
2. Cloud Services
3. Consolidation/Optimization
4. Digital Government
5. Broadband/Wireless Connectivity
6. Budget, Cost Control, Fiscal Management
7. Customer Relationship Management
8. Data Management and Analytics
9. Enterprise IT Governance
10. Identity and Access Management

Source: NASCIO State CIO Ballot, November 2018



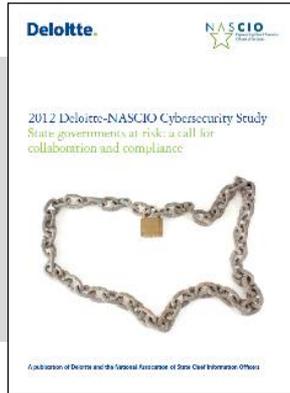
Timeline of the Deloitte – NASCIO Cybersecurity Study *States at Risk*

2010



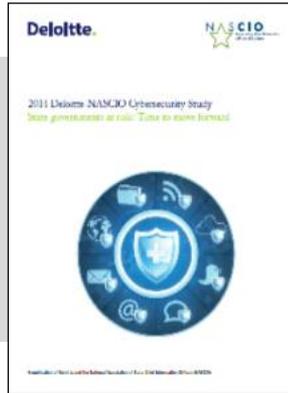
**A call to secure
citizen data and
inspire trust**

2012



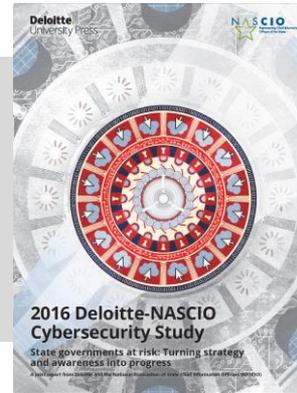
**A call for
collaboration
and compliance**

2014



**Time to move
forward**

2016



**Turning strategy and
awareness into
progress**

2018

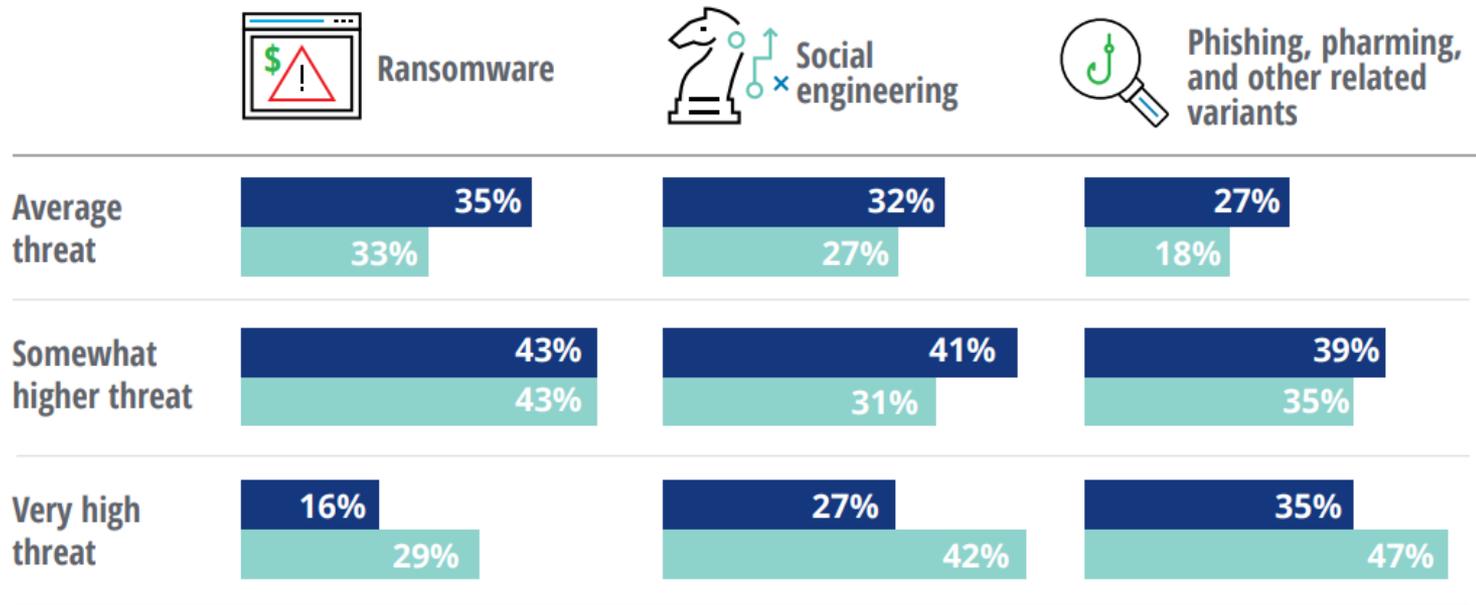


**Bold plays for
change**

Ransomware, social engineering, and phishing are the top cyber threats for states

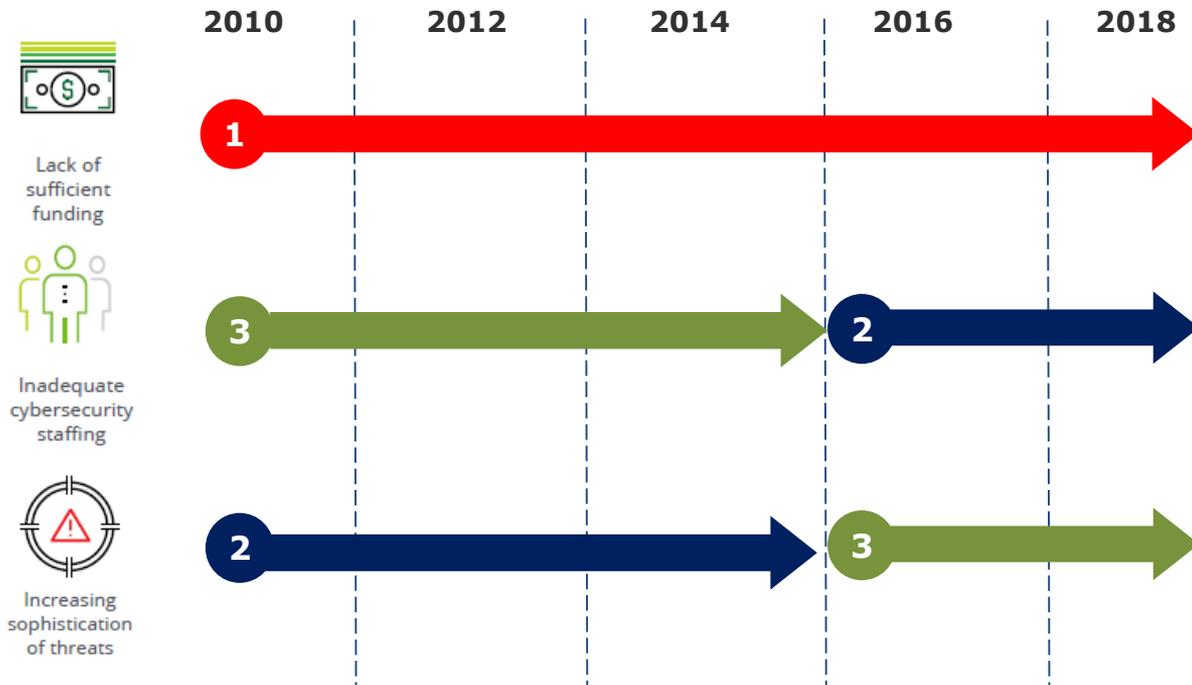
Please choose the prevalence of the following cyber threats in your state for the next year.
(49 respondents)

■ 2018 ■ 2016



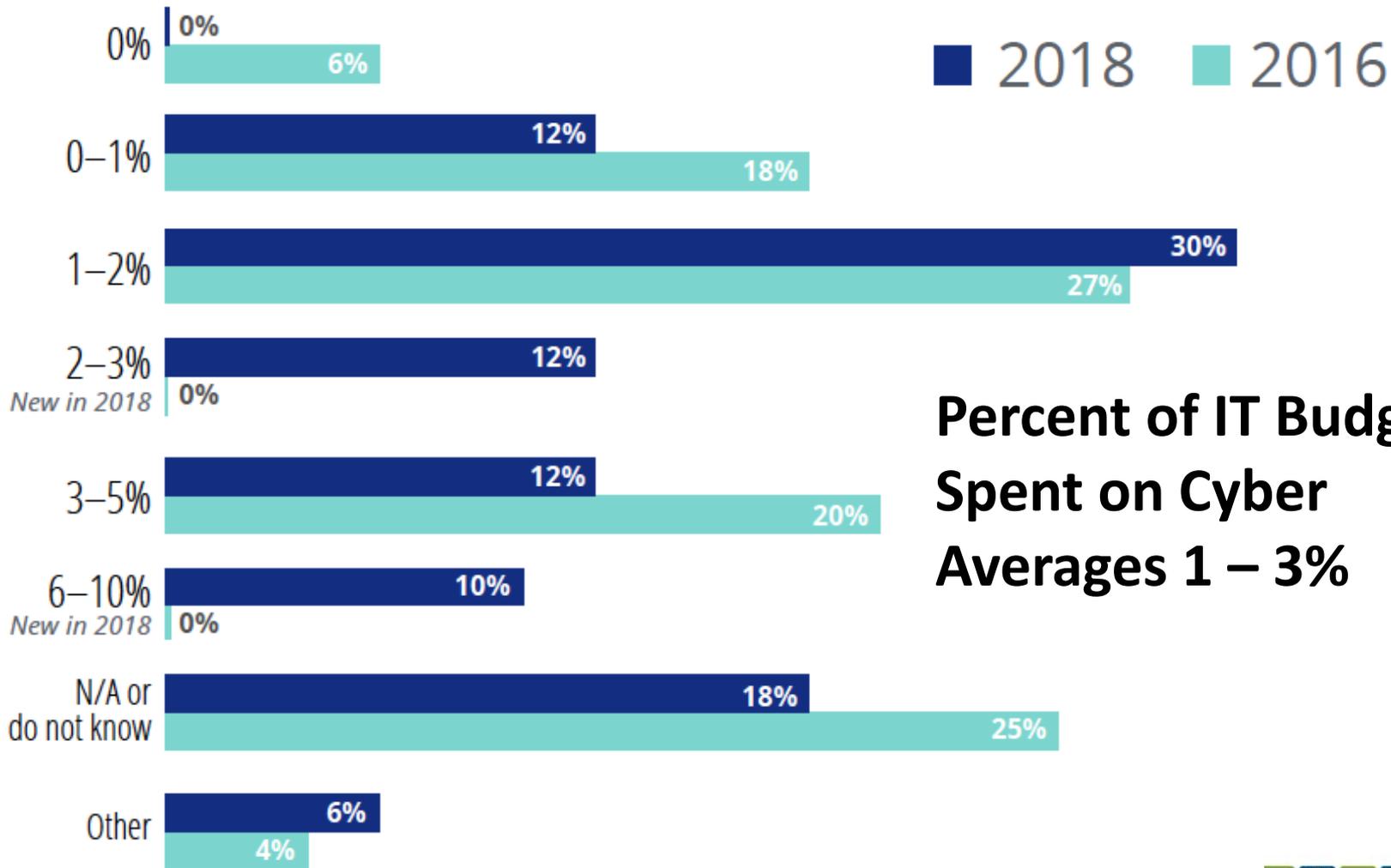
Persistent challenges remain...

Budget, talent, and threats top three since 2010



Survey question: Identify the top barriers that your state faces in addressing cybersecurity challenges.

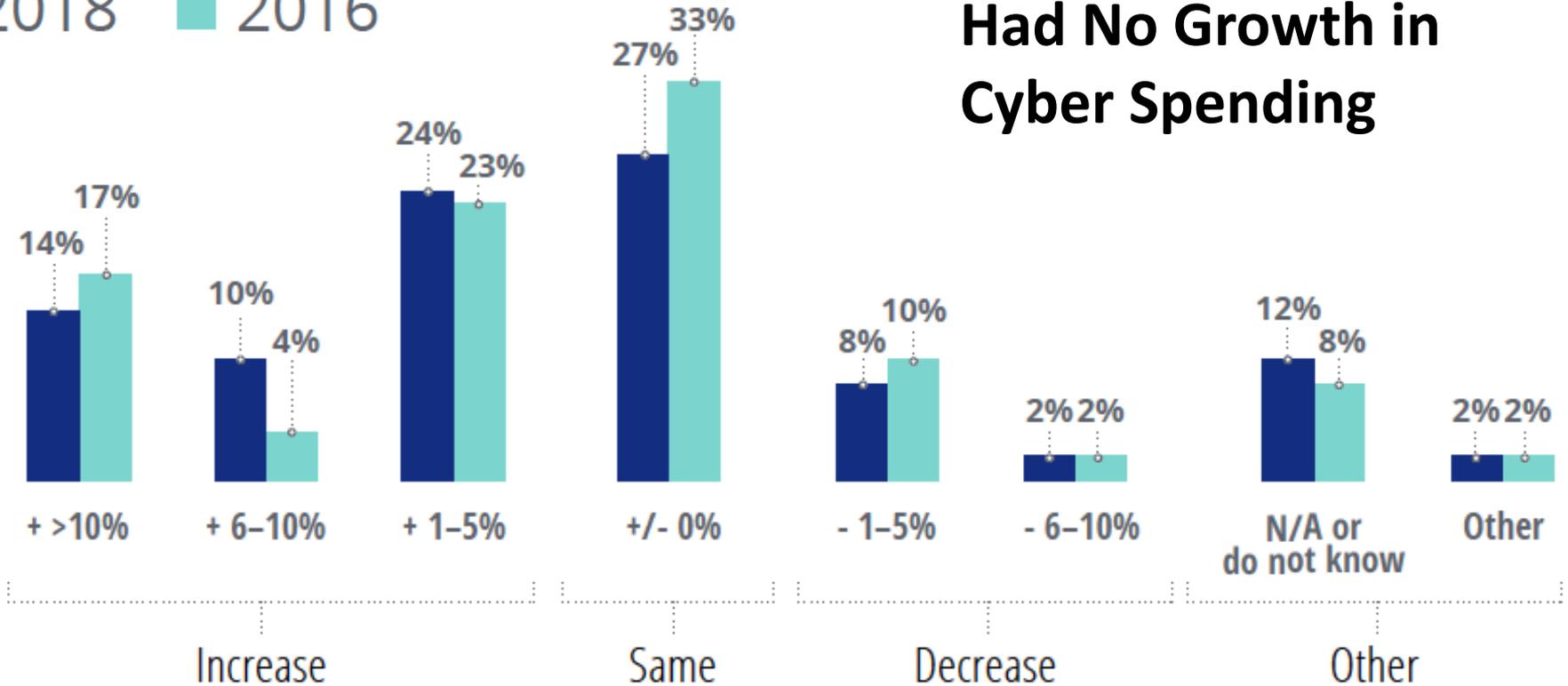
Source: 2018 Deloitte-NASCIO Cybersecurity Study



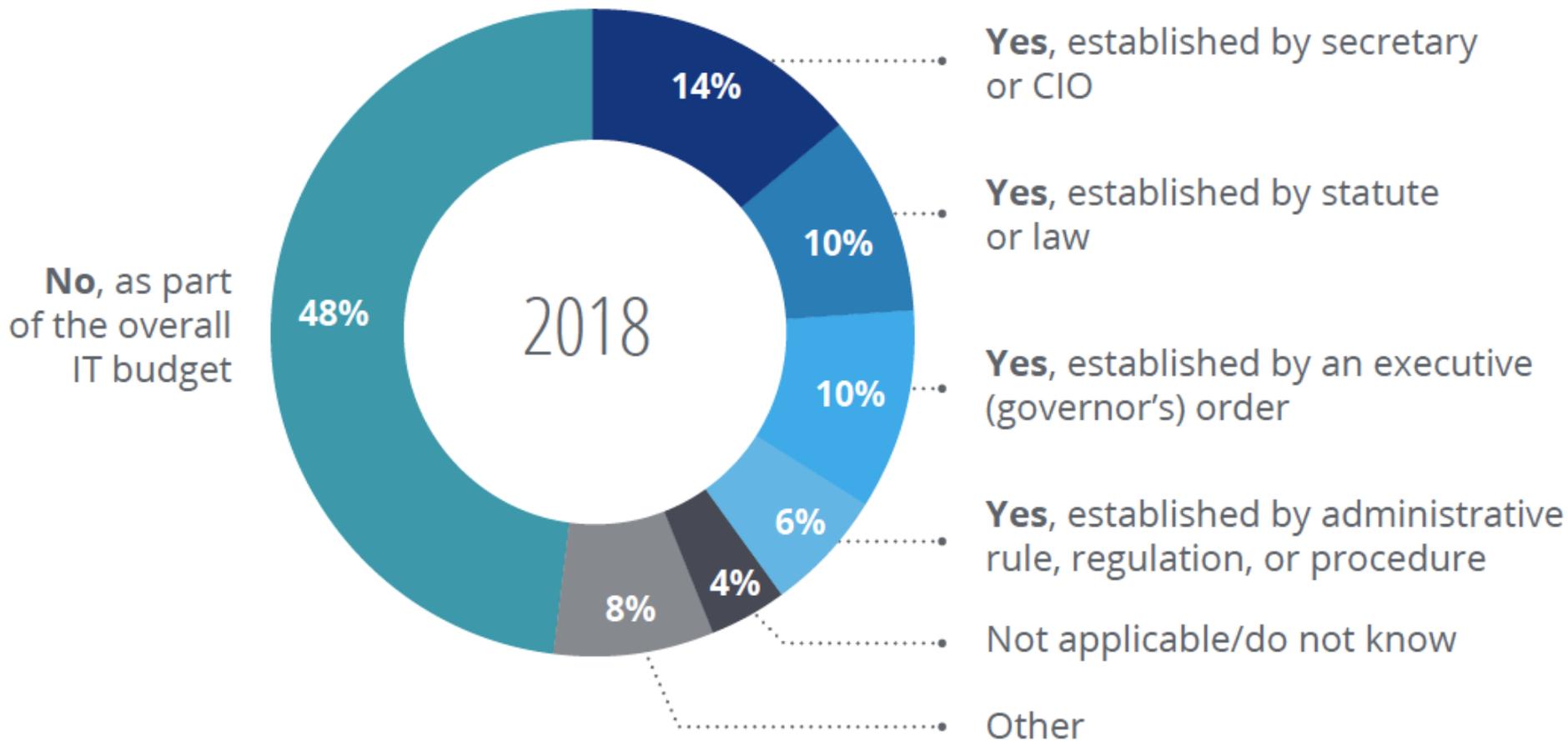
Percent of IT Budget Spent on Cyber Averages 1 – 3%

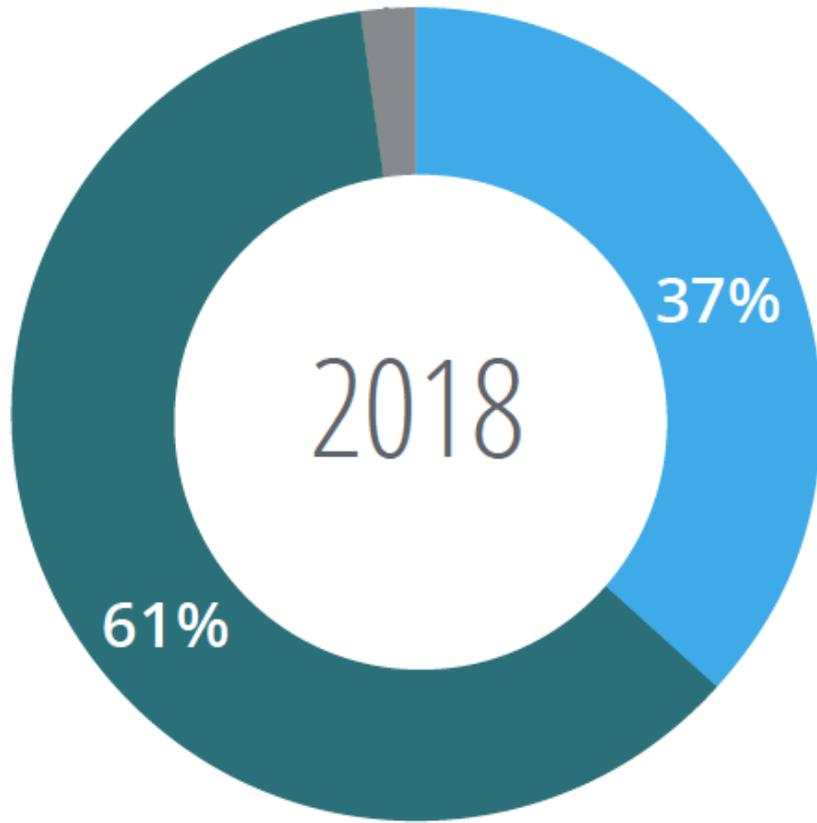
51% Percent of States Had No Growth in Cyber Spending

■ 2018 ■ 2016



48% Percent of States Have No Dedicated Cyber Budget





61% of State CISOs Say That They Lack the Collective Competency to Manage Cyber Risks

■ Staff has the required competencies

■ Staff has gap in competencies

Talent Crisis

Top barriers to hiring, developing and retaining cyber talent

- 94%** State's salary rates and paygrade structures
- 51%** Workforce leaving for private sector careers
- 47%** Lack of qualified candidates due to demand from federal agencies and private sector
- 24%** Work location—lack of qualified cyber workforce in the state capital
- 18%** Outdated classifications and job descriptions for cybersecurity positions
- 12%** Lack of a defined career path and opportunities in cybersecurity
- 12%** Lengthy hiring process

Survey question: What are the top three human resource factors that negatively impact your ability to develop, support, and maintain the cybersecurity workforce within your state? (49 respondents)

Three Bold Plays for Change



ADVOCATE FOR DEDICATED CYBER PROGRAM FUNDING

CISOs should raise cybersecurity's visibility with the state legislature and executive branch by making it a line item in the IT budget. They can also seek funding from federal agencies to support compliance with those agencies' security mandates.



CISOs AS AN ENABLER OF INNOVATION, NOT A BARRIER



CISOs should actively participate in shaping the state's innovation agenda, collaborate with state digital and innovation officers, and lead the charge to help program leaders securely adopt new technologies.



TEAM WITH THE PRIVATE SECTOR AND HIGHER EDUCATION

CISOs should leverage public-private partnerships and collaborations with local colleges and universities to provide a pipeline of new talent, as well as consider outsourcing to private-sector firms.



Cybersecurity maturity in the states is improving

Characterize the current status of the cybersecurity program and environment in state government.

	2013	2015	2017	2018
Developed security awareness training for workers and contractors	78%	87%	88%	98%
Adopted a cybersecurity framework based on national standards and guidelines	78%	80%	95%	94%
Established trusted partnerships for information sharing and response	75%	80%	83%	92%
Adopted a cybersecurity strategic plan	61%	74%	83%	85%
Acquired and implemented continuous vulnerability monitoring capabilities	78%	80%	79%	81%
Created a culture of information security in your state government	73%	74%	83%	79%
Developed a cybersecurity disruption response plan	45%	52%	69%	69%
Documented the effectiveness of your cybersecurity program with metrics and testing	47%	52%	57%	63%
Using analytical tools, AI, machine learning, etc. to manage cybersecurity programs	n/a	n/a	n/a	44%
Obtained cyber insurance	n/a	20%	38%	42%

What is the current role of your CIO organization in administering the statewide cybersecurity program?



88% Leading or participating in policy setting



88% Responsible for setting overall direction



76% Responsible for execution



86% Responsible for oversight



4% Not CIO responsibility

What major barriers does your state face in addressing cybersecurity?



82% Increasing sophistication of threats



29% Lack of visibility and influence within the enterprise



71% Inability to attract and retain top-tier security and privacy talent



22% Lack of legislative support



47% Lack of adequate funding



18% Lack of governance and authority



43% Inadequate availability of security professionals



12% Inadequate competence of security professionals



31% Emerging technologies



8% Lack of executive support



31% Lack of support from business stakeholders

What Do We Know? Patterns of Success



Enterprise Leadership and Governance



Statewide Cybersecurity Framework & Controls



Cybersecurity Culture: A Team Sport



Know the Risks, Assess the Risks, Measure



Communicating the Risks: Awareness



Invest: Deploy Security Technologies

NASCIO's Cybersecurity Call to Action

Key Questions for State Leaders

- Does your state government support a “culture of information security” with a governance structure of state leadership and all key stakeholders?
- Has your state conducted a risk assessment? Is data classified by risk? Critical infrastructure reviewed? Are security metrics available?
- Has your state implemented an enterprise cybersecurity framework that includes policies, control objectives, practices, standards, and compliance? Is the NIST Cybersecurity Framework a foundation?
- Has your state invested in enterprise solutions that provide continuous cyber threat detection, mitigation and vulnerability management? Has the state deployed advanced cyber threat analytics?
- Have state employees and contractors been trained for their roles and responsibilities in protecting the state's assets?
- Does your state have a cyber disruption response plan? A crisis communication plan focused on cybersecurity incidents?

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Perspectives on Privacy

A Survey and Snapshot of the Growing State Chief Privacy Officer Role

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READY FOR PRIME TIME?
State Governments Tune in to Artificial Intelligence

AI AND MACHINE LEARNING

STATE ARCHIVING IN THE DIGITAL ERA
A Playbook for the Preservation of Electronic Records

October 2018

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CoSA

PROCUREMENT LIMITS ON LIABILITY BY STATE

- ★ Unlimited Liability
- ★ Limits to Liability
- ★ Subject to negotiation

2010
28 States have limitations on liability
5 States have some degree of limitations on

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STATE CIO AS BROKER: A New Model

Deloitte Insights

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2018 Deloitte-NASCIO Cybersecurity Study
States at risk: Bolo plays for change

A joint report from Deloitte and the National Association of State Chief Information Officers (NASCI)

NASCIO
Representing Chief Information Officers of the States

Grant Thornton
CompTIA

The 2018 State CIO Survey
October 2018

STATE CIO AS COMMUNICATOR
THE EVOLVING NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHIP

State Cybersecurity Governance Case Studies
CROSS SITE REPORT
December 2017

Homeland Security

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A View from the Marketplace:

What They Say About State IT Procurement

October 2018

